

Chapter 7

Contributions

The Commission is entitled to impose upon applicants for assistance financial contribution towards the cost of providing legal assistance.

1. Generally

In assessing contributions the Commission is governed by two fundamental principles:

- 1.1 An assisted person shall be required to contribute to the cost of providing assistance.
- 1.2 An assisted person shall be placed in a position which, as far as possible, is the same or similar to that of a non-legally aided person as far as costs are concerned.

Contributions are assessed on the following guidelines:

- (a) The ability of the assisted person to pay, by reference to their net assessable income and assets.
- (b) The cost to the Commission of providing assistance
- (c) The extent to which an assisted person or other parties have, by their unreasonable conduct, unnecessarily increased the cost of proceedings.

2. Compulsory and Initial Contributions

A compulsory initial contribution is imposed on all successful applicants at the commencement of the grant of aid irrespective of the financial circumstances of the applicant subject to the Director's discretion in respect to juveniles and persons in custody. The amount of the compulsory contribution is the lowest amount specified for initial contributions as set out in Table A.

3. Varying Contributions Set by Category

Where legal assistance is extended by reference to particular stages of a matter, those stages may fall into different cost categories and additional contribution based on income may be payable where assistance is extended for a further stage.

4. Retrospective or Final Contributions

The NT Legal Aid Commission may require the payment of a final contribution at the end of a grant of assistance in the following circumstances:

4.1 When a Final Contribution is Assessed

The Commission can request a final contribution at the end of the grant of legal assistance where:

- 4.1.1 the assisted person's financial position has improved after the grant of assistance or the last extension of the grant;
- 4.1.2 at the time of the extension of the grant, the assisted person's future financial position was unclear;
- 4.1.3 the actual cost of assistance has exceeded the estimated cost;
- 4.1.4 the cost of assistance exceeds the cost recovered by the assisted person;
or
- 4.1.5 the assisted person has not recovered costs.

In these circumstances the Commission will:

- (a) apply the Means Test (including allowable deductions) to the applicant's financial circumstances to assess whether he/she should pay a final contribution, and if so the amount to be paid;
- (b) treat the actual cost of the legal assistance in the same way as the estimated cost in the Means Test;
- (c) deduct any contributions which the applicant has paid to date from the final contribution;
- (d) request payment of the final contribution by installments if the application is required to pay a contribution on income; and

- (e) request payment of the final contribution in a lump sum if the applicant is required to pay a final contribution on assets.

4.2 Matters to be Disregarded

When a final contribution is assessed the Commission will disregard:

- (a) a lump sum payment for child maintenance or child support in a family law case;
- (b) amounts which must be repaid from an award or settlement to Centrelink or any other organization; and
- (c) legal costs incurred but not paid before the grant of assistance.

4.3 Assisted Person Acquires Property from Legal Proceedings

If an assisted person acquires property as a result of the legal proceedings which were the subject of the grant of assistance, but does not have enough money to pay a final contribution, the Commission may secure repayment of the final contribution by taking an equitable charge or a statutory charge over the property so acquired.

4.4 Special Circumstances

The Commission recognises that there may be circumstances of recovery where recovery of the full cost of assistance may cause financial hardship or inequity to an assisted person. In these circumstances the Commission may:

- 4.4.1 waive the requirement for the assisted person to pay all or some of the final contribution;
- 4.4.2 defer payment of some or all of the final contribution on condition that the assisted person sign an equitable charge to secure payment of the final contribution; or
- 4.4.3 defer payment of some or all of the final contribution without requiring a charge.

Special Circumstances may include:

- (a) an award for damages in a personal injuries case which is not sufficient to pay the assisted person's past, present or future medical expenses;

- (b) the necessity to use an award to alter the assisted person's home to accommodate disability;
- (c) Centrelink imposing a preclusion period which prevents the applicant from receiving a pension, benefit or allowance, and the applicant has insufficient other financial support during the preclusion period;
- (d) the assisted person suffering a disadvantage as a result of legal assistance. For example, a court refuses to make an order for costs on the ground that the assisted person had received a grant of assistance.

The Commission will not usually consider the following as special circumstances:

- A. the assisted person has spent, or is committed to spending, some or all of an award;
- B. the assigned practitioner has released an award without accounting to the Commission, and the assisted person is unable or unwilling to pay the final contribution assessed;
- C. the assisted person wishes to use the award to pay debts rather than the final contribution, particularly if the assisted person incurred the debts after the grant of assistance; or
- D. the assisted person wishes to use an award to buy a home or for home renovations.

5. Charges Over Property

Pursuant to Sections 29(1)(c) and 59 of the Legal Aid Act (NT) the Commission may secure payment of a contribution by statutory or equitable charge over land or other property of the assisted person.

If such charges were not taken, assisted persons who were unable to pay contributions immediately because their assets were in the form of property rather than cash, would be placed in a preferred position to assisted persons who could afford a contribution because their assets (while not greater in total value) were in the form of cash rather than property.

The charge is placed on property owned by the assisted person. If the assisted person wants to sell, re-finance or borrow on the property, the Commission may ask that some or all of the cost of assistance be repaid before releasing the property.

The request for an equitable charge can be made in addition to, or instead of, a request that the assisted person pay money as a contribution. The Commission may ask that

an equitable charge over property or a statutory charge within the meaning of the *Land Title Act* be provided:

- (a) Before the Commission grants assistance. This will secure payment of all or some of the cost of granting assistance.
- (b) When the Commission makes a further grant of assistance. This will secure payment of all or some of the current and future costs of assistance.
- (c) At the end of a grant of assistance. This will secure payment of the amount assessed as a final contribution.

5.1 Refusal to Provide a Charge

5.1.1 *Before a Grant*

If the Commission asks an assisted person to sign a charge before granting assistance, assistance will not be provided until the charge (in registrable form in the case of real property) is returned to the Commission.

5.1.2 *Existing Grant*

If the Commission asks an assisted person to sign an equitable charge, the grant of aid will be suspended and the assigned practitioner will be advised to stop work until the charge is received by the Commission.

If the Commission suspends assistance as described in the last paragraph, it will notify the assisted person in writing. The assistance may then be terminated unless the assisted person takes the following action within 30 days of receiving the written notification:

- (i) he/she signs the charge;
- (ii) he/she provides a satisfactory explanation for not signing; or
- (iii) he/she asks the Commission to review its decision.

6. Non Payment of Contributions

Pursuant to Section 29(4) of the Legal Aid Act (NT) if the contribution required is not paid by the assisted person, the amount of the contribution raised is recoverable by the Commission as a debt due and payable to the Commission. In these circumstances any future application for legal aid will be refused.

In all cases where an award or settlement is made in a client's favour, practitioners must not disburse funds to the client until the Commission's costs have been paid.

In all cases the practitioner should contact the Commission prior to final settlement to determine whether a final contribution is to be imposed, and, if so, the amount of the contribution.

In certain circumstances, at the discretion of the Director, or in accordance with the Northern Territory Civil Guidelines, an assisted person may be required, before assistance is approved, to instruct his/her solicitor to seek an order that an award or settlement made in the assisted person's favour be made out in the name of the solicitors trust account and paid into the account with further instructions that the cost of the legal assistance provided be paid to the Commission before the balance, if any, is payable to the legally assisted person.

8.**Contribution Tables****TABLE A – CONTRIBUTION ON INCOME**

CONTRIBUTION ON INCOME				
Net Income \$	Rounded to	Category 1 Up to \$1000	Category 2 \$1000 to \$3000	Category 3 Over \$3000
0 – 312		55	55	110
313 – 323	330	55	55	110
334 – 343	340	55	110	175
344 – 353	350	110	200	395
354 – 363	360	130	265	530
364 - 373	370	180	360	730
374 - 383	380	225	450	920
384 - 393	390	305	560	1120
394 – 403	400	340	680	1360
404 - 413	410	400	800	1605
414 - 423	420	475	950	1900
424 - 433	430	550	1100	2200
434 – 443	440	645	1290	2580
444 – 453	450	750	1470	2940
454 – 463	460	830	1660	3320
464- 473	470		1750	3500
474 - 483	480		1980	3960
484 - 493	490		2210	4420
494 - 503	500		2440	4880
504 - 513	510		2675	5350
514 – 523	520		2905	5810
524 – 533	530		3135	6270

\$533.00 and over - assistance for Category 3 only.

Contribution to be \$6270.00 plus \$460.00 for every \$10.00 of assessable income in excess of \$533.00.

TABLE B – CONTRIBUTION ON ASSETS
(Rounded to nearest \$100)

NET ASSET	CONTRIBUTION	NET ASSET	CONTRIBUTION
100	50	1,600	500
200	50	1,700	550
300	60	1,800	600
400	80	1,900	650
500	100	2,000	700
600	130	2,100	760
700	160	2,200	820
800	190	2,300	880
900	220	2,400	940
1,000	250	2,500	1,000
1,100	290	2,600	1,060
1,200	330	2,700	1,120
1,300	370	2,800	1,180
1,400	410	2,900	1,240
1,500	450	3,000	1,300

Above \$3,000 :- \$1,300 plus 100% of assessable assets above \$3,000